

LEAD-FREE / RoHS-COMPLIANT

BROADBAND BALUN (200 kHz to 6 GHz)

BAL-0006

Features

- 200 kHz to 6 GHz Balun (Balanced to Unbalanced Transformer)
- Matched 50 Ohm Impedance on Input and Output Ports
- Tuned for Optimal Phase/Amplitude Balance
- Applications: Analog to Digital Converters, Balanced Receivers, Baseband Digital Modulation, Signal Integrity
- BAL-0006.s3p



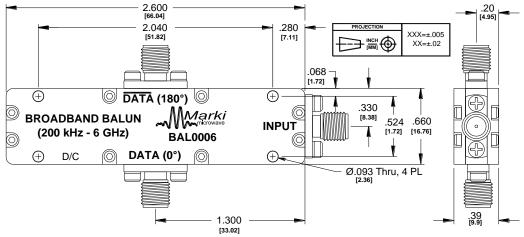
Electrical Specifications - Specifications guaranteed from -55 to +100°C, measured in a 50Ω system.

Parameter	Frequency Range	Min	Тур	Max
Insertion Loss as a mode converter (dB)			4.5	6
Nominal Phase Shift (Degrees)			180	
Amplitude Balance (dB)			0.05	0.5
Phase Balance (Degrees)			1	5
Common Mode Rejection (dB)	200 kHz to 6 GHz	30	40	
Isolation (dB)			9	
VSWR (Input)			1.35	
VSWR (Output)			1.7	
Risetime /Falltime (ps) ¹			40	
Total Input Power (W)				1
Weight (g)			27	

¹Specified as 90%/10%. Calculated from $\tau_{balun}^2 = (\tau_{out}^2 - \tau_{in}^2)$

Model Number	Description
BAL-0006	200 kHz to 6 GHz Balun with SMA connectors ² , LEAD-FREE/RoHS COMPLIANT

²Default is SMA female connectors. Consult factory for other connector options.

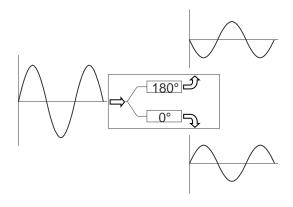


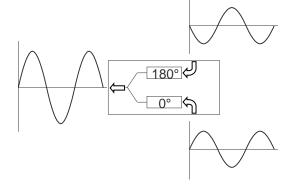


BAL-0006

Page 2

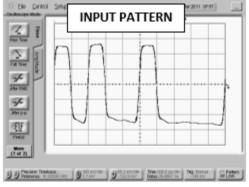
Block Diagram



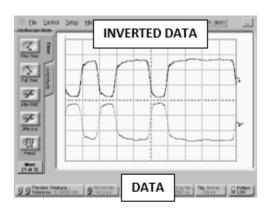


Single ended to differential

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Differential to single ended



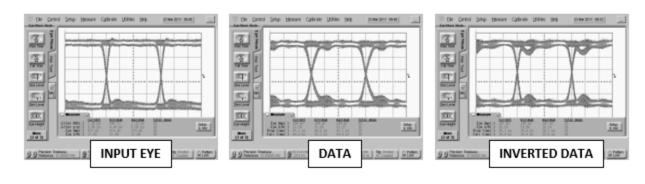


Fig. 1. Oscilloscope measurements of the BAL-0006 with a 5 Gb/s PRBS pattern. Bit pattern is measured with a 2⁷-1 PRBS input demonstrating extremely good pulse fidelity for both inverted and non-inverted output. Eye diagrams are taken with a 2³¹-1 PRBS input demonstrating minimal eye distortion/closure afforded by the extremely low frequency operation of the balun (<200 kHz).



BAL-0006

Page 3

Typical Performance Scattering Parameters

Three port scattering parameters measured as three single-ended 50Ω ports showing relationship between any two ports. For example: S21 and S31, often referred to as insertion loss of a balun, is the output response on ports 2 and 3 with an input stimulus on port 1.

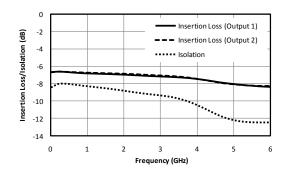


Fig. 2. Common to output port insertion loss and output to output port Isolation.

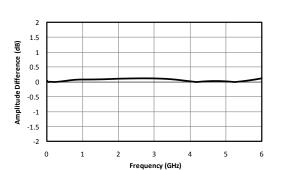


Fig. 4. Amplitude balance between output ports.

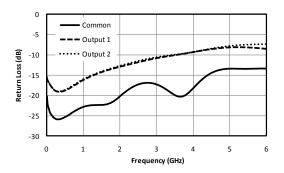


Fig. 3. Return loss for common port and output ports.

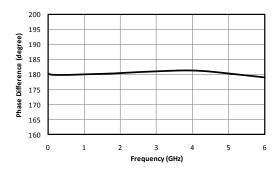


Fig. 5. Phase balance between output ports.

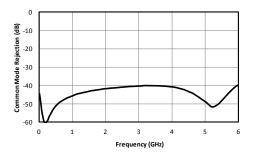


Fig. 6. Common mode rejection.

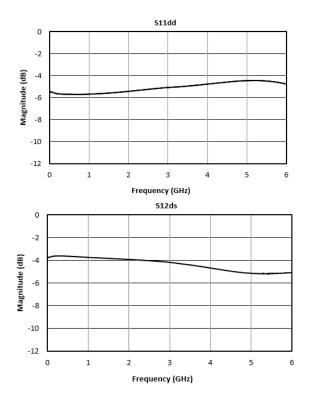


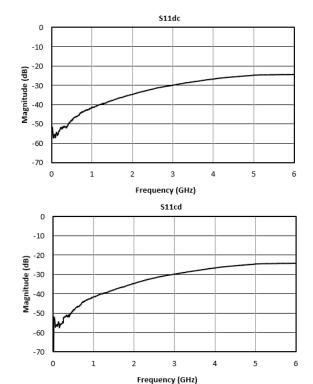
BAL-0006

Page 4

Mixed Mode Scattering Parameters

Mixed mode scattering parameters are used to characterize differential circuits. For baluns, this means that the 0° and 180° ports become a single 100Ω differential port and the common port remains the same 50Ω common port. The two-port s-parameters of the balun are then characterized based on differential (d), common mode (c), or single-ended (s) signals. For example: S12ds is the differential output response given a single ended input.

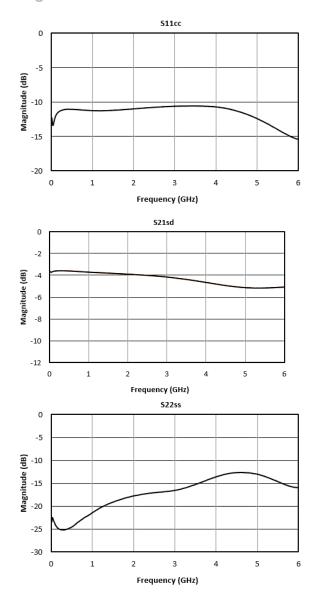


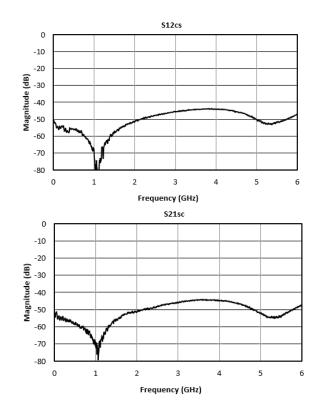




BAL-0006

Page 5







BAL-0006

Page 6

DC Interface

Port	Description	DC Interface Schematic
Common Port / In (Unbalanced)	The common port is DC short to ground.	Common Port +
Out 1 / 0º Port (Balanced)	The 0° port is DC short to ground.	O° Port (Balanced)
Out 2 / 180° Port (Balanced)	The 180° port is DC short to ground.	180° Port

Revision History

Revision code	Revision Date	Comment
-	2011	Datasheet initial Release
А	2014	Typical Performance plots added
В	October 2019	Mixed Mode Scattering Parameters added
С	November 2019	RoHS Compliant assembly
D	July 2020	Specs Table Update
E	October 2020	Specs Table Update

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